2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
3	FOR
4	Senate Bill No. 387
5	(SENATORS UNGER AND BEACH, original sponsors)
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7	[Passed March 7, 2012; in effect ninety days from passage.]
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	AN ACT to amend and reenact \$15-5-20 of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a
12	new section, designated §15-5-20a, all relating to disaster
13	prevention; eliminating the requirement that the Office of
14	Emergency Services report to the West Virginia Disaster
15	Recovery Board on debris that may cause an obstruction during
16	disasters; requiring all floodplain managers to complete
17	yearly training; and providing that another manager may take
18	over the responsibilities of a manager who has not completed
19	the required training.
20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
21	That §15-5-20 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
22	be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding
23	thereto a new section, designated \$15-5-20a, all to read as
24	follows:
25	ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

ENROLLED

1 §15-5-20. Disaster prevention.

- (a) In addition to disaster prevention measures as included in 3 the state, local, regional and interjurisdictional disaster plans, 4 the Governor shall consider on a continuing basis steps that could 5 be taken to prevent or reduce the harmful consequences of 6 disasters. At his or her direction, and pursuant to any other 7 authority and competence they have, state agencies, including, but 8 not limited to, those charged with responsibilities in connection floodplain management, stream encroachment 10 regulation, weather modification, fire prevention and control, air 11 quality, public works, land use and land-use planning and 12 construction standards, shall make studies of disaster 13 prevention-related matters. The Governor, from time to time, shall 14 make such recommendation to the Legislature, political subdivisions 15 and other appropriate public and private entities as may facilitate 16 measures for prevention or reduction of the harmful consequences of 17 disasters.
- (b) At the request of and in conjunction with the Office of Emergency Services, the divisions of energy, natural resources and highways and any state department insured by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management shall keep land use and construction of structures and other facilities under continuing study and identify areas which are particularly susceptible to severe land shifting, subsidence, flooding or other catastrophic occurrences. Such studies shall concentrate on means of reducing or avoiding the dangers caused by such occurrences and the consequences thereof.

2 §15-5-20a. Floodplain manager training.

- 3 (a) Community participation in the National Flood Insurance 4 Program is important to manage and mitigate the special flood 5 hazard areas in West Virginia. Therefore, all state, county, 6 municipality and local floodplain managers should be adequately 7 trained in floodplain management.
- 8 (b) Commencing July 1, 2012, each floodplain manager in the 9 state is required to complete six hours of training in floodplain 10 management annually to maintain good standing with the West 11 Virginia Division of Homeland Security.
- 12 (c) A governmental unit that has a floodplain manager who
 13 fails to obtain the required training shall suspend the floodplain
 14 manager from his or her floodplain management responsibilities
 15 until the training requirement is met.
- (d) A governmental unit that has a floodplain manager who fails to obtain the required training shall transfer its floodplain management responsibilities and all associated fees to a governmental unit that has a floodplain manager in good standing.